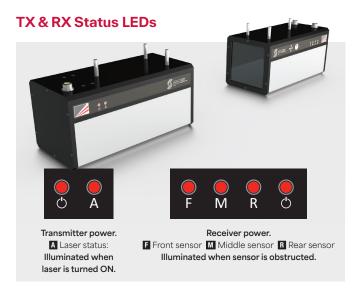
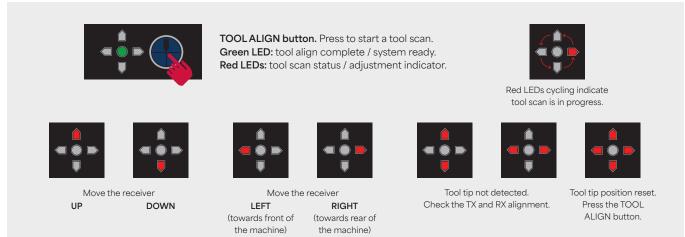
TX & RX Status LEDs // Calibration





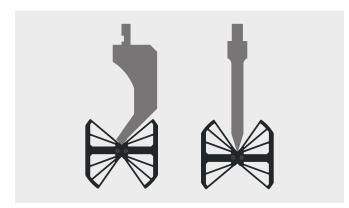
RX TOOL ALIGN Button & Status LEDs



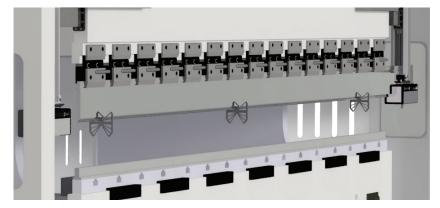
Angle measurement calibration tool

For best results, calibration is recommended after a tool change or when starting a new bend program. The calibration process will vary depending on the CNC system. Please contact the press brake manufacturer or your machinery dealer for more information and instructions specific to your machine. Replacement calibration tools can be ordered from the press brake manufacturer.

Calibration tool orientation



Calibration tool positions



Perform the calibration at three positions (left, middle, right) along the length of the upper tool. Refer to the instructions on the CNC screen.



Measurement Accuracy

LS-CS-M-110 Rev 1.0

Estimate of expected measurement accuracy

Measurement accuracy is based on image quality and the level of image data available for the system to process. Accuracy is determined by a combination of machine, tooling, and part profile factors. This information is provided as a general guide to the level of measurement accuracy that the system can return.

Colours are used throughout this guide to represent the level of expected measurement accuracy based on individual aspects of the machine, the tools, the material and the part profile. To estimate the overall expected measurement accuracy for a specific setup, use the table to determine the combined average of the expected results of the individual elements of the machine, tools and material.

Measurement accuracy	Up to 0.25 degrees	Up to 0.4 degrees	Up to 0.5 degrees
Machine length	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Bending position	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Punch profile	Standard	Gooseneck	
Tool length	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Part profile	Open	Closed	
Material length	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Limb length	>18 mm	14 mm - 18 mm	11 mm - 14 mm

Example #1

The table shows mostly green, so the expected measurement accuracy would be up to +/- 0.25 degrees.

Measurement accuracy	Up to 0.25 degrees	Up to 0.4 degrees	Up to 0.5 degrees
Machine length	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Bending position	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Punch profile	Standard	Gooseneck	
Tool length	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Part profile	Open	Closed	
Material length	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Limb length	>18 mm	14 mm - 18 mm	11 mm - 14 mm

Example #2

The table shows a mix of green, blue and red, so the expected measurement accuracy would be up to \pm 0.4 degrees.

Machine length	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Bending position	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Punch profile	Standard	Gooseneck	
Tool length	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Part profile	Open	Closed	
Material length	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m
Limb length	>18 mm	14 mm - 18 mm	11 mm - 14 mm



Measurement Accuracy // Machine Parameters



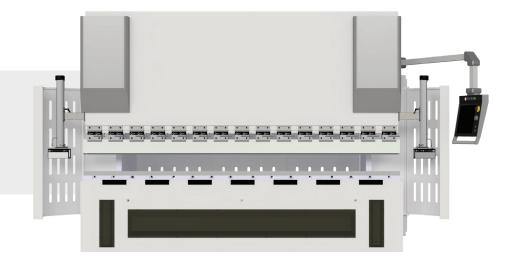
Machine length

Measurement accuracy	Up to	Up to	Up to
	0.25 degrees	0.4 degrees	0.5 degrees
Machine length	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m

Image quality is affected by the distance the images are taken from the camera receiver.

Optimal accuracy results can be achieved on machines with a bed length of three meters or less.





Bending position

Measurement accuracy	Up to	Up to	Up to
	0.25 degrees	0.4 degrees	0.5 degrees
Bending position	0-2m	2-3 m	3-4 m

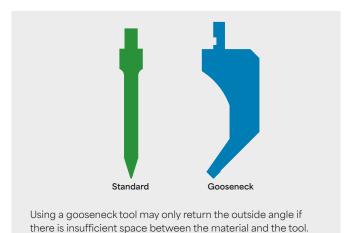
Bending small parts closer to the camera receiver (right side of the machine) improves image quality, especially on machines with a longer bed length.



Measurement Accuracy // Tool Parameters



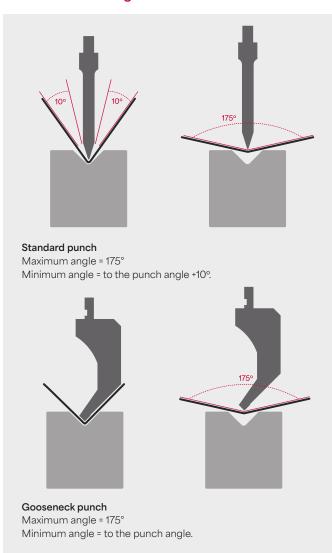
Punch profile



Die width



Measurement range



Tool length

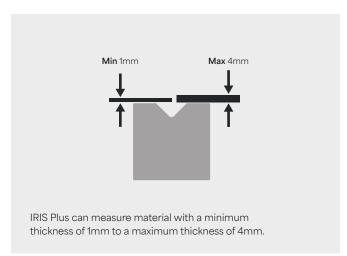




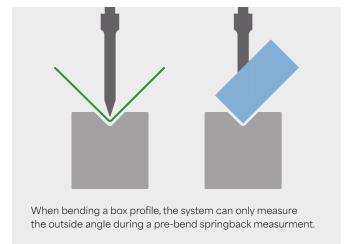
Measurement Accuracy // Material Parameters



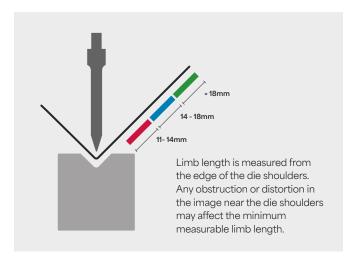
Material thickness



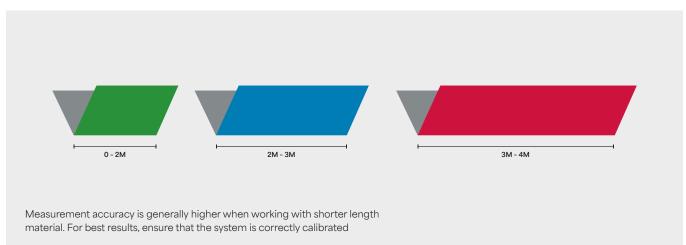
Part profile



Limb length



Material length



Protective die film

